

UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE

Ph.D. Entrance Examination, Nov. - 2020



SUBJECT CODE :

53

QUESTION BOOKLET NO.

Entrance Reg. No.

504755

QUESTION BOOKLET

(Read carefully the instructions given in the Question Booklet)

SUBJECT :

PSYCHOLOGY

MAXIMUM MARKS : 100

MAXIMUM TIME : THREE HOURS

(Including initial 10 minutes for filling O.M.R. Answer sheet)

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1. The sealed questions booklet containing 50 questions enclosed with O.M.R. Answer Sheet is given to you.
2. Verify whether the given question booklet is of the same subject which you have opted for examination.
3. Open the question paper seal carefully and take out the enclosed O.M.R. Answer Sheet outside the question booklet and fill up the general information in the O.M.R. Answer sheet. If you fail to fill up the details in the form of alphabet and signs as instructed, you will be personally responsible for consequences arising during scoring of your Answer Sheet.
4. During the examination:
 - a) Read each question carefully.
 - b) Determine the Most appropriate/correct answer from the four available choices given under each question.
 - c) Completely darken the relevant circle against the Question in the O.M.R. Answer Sheet. For example, in the question paper if "C" is correct answer for Question No.8, then darken against Sl. No.8 of O.M.R. Answer Sheet using Blue/Black Ball Point Pen as follows:

Question No. 8. (A) (B) (C) (D) (Only example) (Use Ball Pen only)

5. Rough work should be done only on the blank space provided in the Question Booklet. Rough work should not be done on the O.M.R. Answer Sheet.
6. If more than one circle is darkened for a given question, such answer is treated as wrong and no mark will be given. See the example in the O.M.R. Sheet.
7. The candidate and the Room Supervisor should sign in the O.M.R. Sheet at the specified place.
8. Candidate should return the original O.M.R. Answer Sheet and the university copy to the Room Supervisor after the examination.
9. Candidate can carry the question booklet and the candidate copy of the O.M.R. Sheet.
10. The calculator, pager and mobile phone are not allowed inside the examination hall.
11. **If a candidate is found committing malpractice, such a candidate shall not be considered for admission to the course and action against such candidate will be taken as per rules.**

INSTRUCTIONS TO FILL UP THE O.M.R. SHEET

1. There is only one most appropriate/correct answer for each question.
2. For each question, only one circle must be darkened with BLUE or BLACK ball point pen only. Do not try to alter it.
3. Circle should be darkened completely so that the alphabet inside it is not visible.
4. Do not make any stray marks on O.M.R. Sheet.

ಗಮನಿಸಿ : ಸೂಚನೆಗಳ ಕನ್ನಡ ಆವೃತ್ತಿಯು ಈ ಪುಸ್ತಕದ ಹಿಂಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಮುದ್ರಿಸಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದೆ.

PART - A

This part shall contains 50 multiple Choice/Objective type questions, each question carrying one mark. [50 × 1 = 50]

- 1) "When a conduction unit is ready to conduct, conduction by it is satisfying" is proposed by Thorndike in his law of _____
A) Effect
B) Readiness
C) Exercise
D) Connection

- 2) We respond selectively to some of the stimulus in the situation that are capable of eliciting a response- Thorndike explains it as _____
A) Response Set
B) Dispositions
C) Prepotency of elements
D) Stimulus Strength

- 3) Which of the reinforcement is more likely to produce scalloping effect
A) Fixed interval schedule
B) Variable interval schedule
C) Fixed ratio schedule
D) Variable ratio schedule

- 4) Which of the following reinforcement schedules produces highest response rate?
A) Fixed interval schedule
B) Variable interval schedule
C) Fixed ratio schedule
D) Variable ratio schedule

- 5) Reaction time was first studied experimentally by a Physiologist
A) Franciscus Donders
B) Theodor Fechner
C) Earnest Weber
D) H.V. Helmholtz

- 6) The tendency to selectively look for information that conforms to our hypothesis and to overlook information that argues against it is _____
A) Confirmation bias
B) Selective attention
C) Prejudice
D) Judgement error

- 24) Research has indicated that egocentricity, group polarization and production-blocking all contribute to diminished _____
- A) Group decision-making B) Group cohesiveness
C) Organizational culture D) Group effectiveness
- 25) Who developed the managerial grid to understand leadership style?
- A) Lippitt & White B) Blake & Mouton
C) Hersey & Blanchard D) Fiedler
- 26) Which method of reliability stresses on the intercorrelations among all the items in a scale?
- A) Alternate form B) Split-half
C) Chronbach's alpha coefficient D) Test-retest
- 27) Which additional component in Porter-Lawler theory differentiates it from Vroom's expectancy theory?
- A) Equity B) Expectancy
C) Goals D) Effort
- 28) Circute of neurons and their connections that is responsible for producing a reflex is known as
- A) Reflex action B) Reflex arc
C) Reflex chain D) Reflex potential
- 29) Part of the brain responsible for wakefulness and alert is
- A) ARAS B) Brain stem
C) Medulla D) Pons

- 30) Which one of the following is a negative symptom of Schizophrenia
- A) Auditory Hallucinations B) Visual Hallucinations
C) Lack of emotional expression D) Delusions
- 31) Which of the following is located only within the central nervous system?
- A) Sensory B) Motor
C) Relay interneurons D) Projection neurons
- 32) Which one of the following is the best statistical procedure used to identify patterns of traits that go together?
- A) Analysis of co - variance B) Correlation
C) Factor analysis D) Regression analysis
- 33) Which of the following coefficient indicate strong correlation between two variables
- A) +0.08 B) -0.18
C) + 0.73 D) -0.93
- 34) Which of the following is not a criteria for judging a Psychological test
- A) Standardization B) Item type
C) Reliability D) Validity
- 35) Which of the following is not a type of standard score
- A) Deviation IQ B) Z score
C) t- ratio D) Sten score

- 36) The individual's capacity to acquire knowledge or skill in a particular area by training – is referred to
- A) Ability
 - B) Intelligence
 - C) Interest
 - D) Aptitude
- 37) Which of the following is a constructive type of projective technique
- A) Draw-A-Person test
 - B) Rorschach Ink Blot
 - C) TAT
 - D) Rosenweig Picture - Frustration Test
- 38) In treating people with problems like Phobia and Addiction, the behaviour therapist's goal is to
- A) Identify and treat the underlying causes of dysfunction
 - B) Improve learning and insight
 - C) Improve communication
 - D) Eliminate the unwanted behaviour
- 39) Which of the following is a technique of counter conditioning
- A) Aversive Conditioning
 - B) Operant Conditioning
 - C) Sensitivity Training
 - D) Contingency Contracting
- 40) The therapist who practices person- centred- therapy is more likely to
- A) Engage in free association
 - B) Expose the client's resistance
 - C) Restate and clarifies the client's statements
 - D) Directly challenge the client's self- perceptions

- 41) Categorising wolf to the dog family is because of the
- A) Low prototypicality B) Equitypicality
C) High prototypicality D) Nature of resemblance
- 42) The qualitative changes occurring in behavioural characteristics of the child leading towards maturity is otherwise known as:
- A) Development B) Growth
C) Maturation D) Learning
- 43) Which level of Scale has an absolute zero at the point of origin?
- A) Ordinal Scale B) Interval Scale
C) Nominal Scale D) Ratio Scale
- 44) To ensure that the influence of all relevant variables is the same for all the subjects and does not change during the experimental period is the main objective of:
- A) Experimental Error B) Experimental Control
C) Experimental Variables D) Sampling
- 45) A research study in a realistic situation in which one or more independent variables are manipulated by the experimenter under as carefully controlled conditions as the situation permit is known as:
- A) A field experiment B) A situational experiment
C) Laboratory experiment D) Observational study

- 46) Interference that occurs when information that was learned previously interferes with learning new information is called
- A) Proactive interference B) Retroactive interference
C) Habit interference D) Memory interference
- 47) The capacity of STM according to George Miller is
- A) 5-8 units B) 5-9 units
C) 4-8 units D) 3-7 units
- 48) To find your way around the campus which component of working memory you will be using
- A) Phonological loop B) Visio-spatial sketch pad
C) Central executive D) Episodic buffer
- 49) The brain area that act as a transmitter of working memory to long term memory is
- A) Hippocampus B) Amegdala
C) Pre frontal cortex D) Temporal cortex
- 50) Which of the following is not a barrier for problem solving
- A) Mental set B) Functional fixedness
C) Heuristics D) Expertise

PART - B

This Part shall contains five questions, each question carrying ten marks.

[5 × 10 = 50]

- 1) Describe Treisman's attenuation theory. How does it deal with the fact that we are sometimes aware of messages that are presented to the unattended channel?
- 2) Discuss the features and challenges of Clinical assessment.
- 3) Discuss the merits and demerits of use of computers in data analysis.
- 4) Delineate the causes and management of childhood anxiety disorders.
- 5) Discuss the need for training and the methods used in the current organizational scenario.



ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು

1. ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯ ಜೊತೆಗೆ 50 ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿರುವ ಮೊಹರು ಮಾಡಿದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪುಸ್ತಕವನ್ನು ನಿಮಗೆ ನೀಡಲಾಗಿದೆ.
2. ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪುಸ್ತಕವು, ನೀವು ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಗೆ ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡಿರುವ ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ್ದೇ ಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಿರಿ.
3. ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯ ಮೊಹರನ್ನು ಜಾಗ್ರತೆಯಿಂದ ತೆರೆಯಿರಿ ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಿಂದ ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯನ್ನು ಹೊರಗೆ ತೆಗೆದು, ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಮಾಹಿತಿಯನ್ನು ತುಂಬಿರಿ. ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಸೂಚನೆಯಂತೆ ನೀವು ನಮೂನೆಯಲ್ಲಿನ ವಿವರಗಳನ್ನು ತುಂಬಲು ವಿಫಲರಾದರೆ, ನಿಮ್ಮ ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯ ಮೌಲ್ಯಮಾಪನ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಉಂಟಾಗುವ ಪರಿಣಾಮಗಳಿಗೆ ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕವಾಗಿ ನೀವೇ ಜವಾಬ್ದಾರಾಗಿರುತ್ತೀರಿ.
4. ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಯ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ:
 - a) ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯನ್ನು ಜಾಗ್ರತೆಯಿಂದ ಓದಿರಿ.
 - b) ಪ್ರತಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯ ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಿರುವ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಲಭ್ಯ ಆಯ್ಕೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅತ್ಯಂತ ಸರಿಯಾದ/ ಸೂಕ್ತವಾದ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ನಿರ್ಧರಿಸಿ.
 - c) ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿನ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಯ ವೃತ್ತಾಕಾರವನ್ನು ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣವಾಗಿ ತುಂಬಿರಿ. ಉದಾಹರಣೆಗೆ, ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 8ಕ್ಕೆ "C" ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವಾಗಿದ್ದರೆ, ನೀಲಿ/ಕಪ್ಪು ಬಾಲ್ ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಪೆನ್ ಬಳಸಿ ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯ ಕ್ರಮ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 8ರ ಮುಂದೆ ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನಂತೆ ತುಂಬಿರಿ:
 ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 8(A) (B) (C) (D) (ಉದಾಹರಣೆ ಮಾತ್ರ) (ಬಾಲ್ ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಪೆನ್ ಮಾತ್ರ ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸಿ)
5. ಉತ್ತರದ ಪೂರ್ವಸಿದ್ಧತೆಯ ಬರವಣಿಗೆಯನ್ನು (ಚಿತ್ತು ಕೆಲಸ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಒದಗಿಸಿದ ಖಾಲಿ ಜಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾತ್ರವೇ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು (ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಬಾರದು).
6. ಒಂದು ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಒಂದಕ್ಕಿಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ವೃತ್ತಾಕಾರವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಲಾಗಿದ್ದರೆ, ಅಂತಹ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ತಪ್ಪು ಎಂದು ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ ಮತ್ತು ಯಾವುದೇ ಅಂಕವನ್ನು ನೀಡಲಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿನ ಉದಾಹರಣೆ ನೋಡಿ.
7. ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ ಮತ್ತು ಕೊಠಡಿ ಮೇಲ್ವಿಚಾರಕರು ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟಪಡಿಸಿದ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಹಾಳೆಯ ಮೇಲೆ ಸಹಿ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು.
8. ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯು ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಯ ನಂತರ ಕೊಠಡಿ ಮೇಲ್ವಿಚಾರಕರಿಗೆ ಮೂಲ ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಉತ್ತರ ಹಾಳೆ ಮತ್ತು ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾನಿಲಯದ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಹಿಂದಿರುಗಿಸಬೇಕು.
9. ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪುಸ್ತಕವನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ತಮ್ಮ ಜೊತೆ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಹೋಗಬಹುದು.
10. ಕ್ಯಾಲ್ಕುಲೇಟರ್, ಪೇಜರ್ ಮತ್ತು ಮೊಬೈಲ್ ಫೋನ್‌ಗಳನ್ನು ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಕೊಠಡಿಯ ಒಳಗೆ ಅನುಮತಿಸಲಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.
11. ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯು ದುಷ್ಕೃತ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ತೊಡಗಿರುವುದು ಕಂಡುಬಂದರೆ, ಅಂತಹ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯನ್ನು ಕೋರ್ಸ್‌ಗೆ ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ ಮತ್ತು ನಿಯಮಗಳ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಇಂತಹ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿಯ ವಿರುದ್ಧ ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗುವುದು.
 ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಹಾಳೆಯನ್ನು ತುಂಬಲು ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು
 1. ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಒಂದೇ ಒಂದು ಅತ್ಯಂತ ಸೂಕ್ತವಾದ/ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವಿರುತ್ತದೆ.
 2. ಪ್ರತಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಒಂದು ವೃತ್ತವನ್ನು ಮಾತ್ರ ನೀಲಿ ಅಥವಾ ಕಪ್ಪು ಬಾಲ್ ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಪೆನ್ನಿನಿಂದ ಮಾತ್ರ ತುಂಬತಕ್ಕದ್ದು. ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಮಾರ್ಪಡಿಸಲು ಪ್ರಯತ್ನಿಸಬೇಡಿ.
 3. ವೃತ್ತದೊಳಗಿರುವ ಅಕ್ಷರವು ಕಾಣದಿರುವಂತೆ ವೃತ್ತವನ್ನು ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣವಾಗಿ ತುಂಬುವುದು.
 4. ಓ.ಎಂ.ಆರ್. ಹಾಳೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದೇ ಅನಾವಶ್ಯಕ ಗುರುತುಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಬೇಡಿ.

Note : English version of the instructions is printed on the front cover of this booklet.